

ADJUSTABLE AIR HELPER SPRINGS

TOW AND HAUL WITH SAFETY AND COMFORT™

AIR Since 1949

Kit Number

88340

INSTALLATION GUIDE

For maximum effectiveness and safety, please read these instructions completely before proceeding with installation.

Failure to read these instructions can result in an incorrect installation.

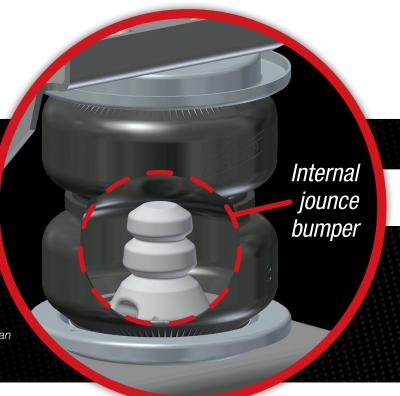


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Hardware List and Tools List





HARDWARE LIST

		Qty	Item	Description	Qty
\sim	Bellow	-	L	Thermal Sleeve	-
Α ,	Air Springs	2	М	3/8" x 7/8" Hex Head Bolts	8
B1 (Upper Bracket - Driver-Side	1	N	Lock Washers	8
B2 I	Upper Bracket - Passenger-Side	1			
C I	Lower Brackets	2	Air Lir	ne Assembly Parts	
D I	Roll Plate	4	AA	Air Line Assembly	1
E /	Air Fitting	2	BB	Tie Strap	6
F :	3/8" x 1.5" Hex Head Cap Screw	2	CC	Valve Caps	
G :	3/8" x 2" Carriage Bolts	2	DD	5/16" Flat Washer	2
H ;	3/8" x 3.5" Hex Head Cap Screw	2	EE	Rubber Washer	2
1 :	3/8" Flat Washers - Large O.D	2	FF	Star Washer	2
J :	3/8" Nuts	6	JJ	5/16" Hex Nut	4
K :	3/8" Flat Washers	9			

TOOL LIST



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Introduction

The purpose of this publication is to assist with the installation, maintenance and troubleshooting of the LoadLifter 5000 Ultimate air spring kit. LoadLifter 5000 Ultimate utilizes sturdy, reinforced, commercial grade single or double, depending on the kit, convolute bellows. The bellows are manufactured like a tire with layers of rubber and cords that control growth. LoadLifter 5000 Ultimate kits are recommended for most 3/4-and 1-ton pickups and SUVs with leaf springs and provide up to 5,000 pounds of load-leveling support with air adjustability from 5-100 PSI.

It is important to read and understand the entire installation guide before beginning installation or performing any maintenance, service or repair. The information here includes a hardware list, tool list, step-by-step installation information, maintenance guidelines and operating tips.

Air Lift Company reserves the right to make changes and improvements to its products and publications at any time. For the latest version of this manual, contact Air Lift Company at (800) 248-0892 or visit airliftcompany.com.

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

The installation of this kit does not alter the gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) or payload of the vehicle. Check your vehicle's owner's manual and do not exceed the maximum load listed for your vehicle.

Gross vehicle weight rating: The maximum allowable weight of the fully loaded vehicle (including passengers and cargo). This number — along with other weight limits, as well as tire, rim size and inflation pressure data — is shown on the vehicle's Safety Compliance Certification Label.

Payload: The combined, maximum allowable weight of cargo and passengers that the truck is designed to carry. Payload is GVWR minus the base curb weight.

NOTATION EXPLANATION

Hazard notations appear in various locations in this publication. Information which is highlighted by one of these notations must be observed to help minimize risk of personal injury or possible improper installation which may render the vehicle unsafe. Notes are used to help emphasize areas of procedural importance and provide helpful suggestions. The following definitions explain the use of these notations as they appear throughout this guide.



INDICATES IMMEDIATE HAZARDS WHICH WILL RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



INDICATES HAZARDS OR UNSAFE PRACTICES WHICH COULD RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.



INDICATES HAZARDS OR UNSAFE PRACTICES WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE MACHINE OR MINOR PERSONAL INJURY.

NOTE

Indicates a procedure, practice or hint which is important to highlight.



Installing the LoadLifter 5000 Ultimate System

NOTE

Your vehicle may be equipped with a rear brake proportioning valve. Any type of load assist product could affect brake performance. We recommend that you check with your dealer before installing this type of product. If your vehicle DOES NOT have a rear brake proportioning valve or is equipped with an anti-lock type brake system, installation of a load assist product will have NO EFFECT ON BRAKE SYSTEM PERFORMANCE



COMPRESSED AIR CAN CAUSE INJURY AND DAMAGE TO THE VEHICLE AND PARTS IF IT IS NOT HANDLED PROPERLY. FOR YOUR SAFETY, DO NOT TRY TO INFLATE THE AIR SPRINGS UNTIL THEY HAVE BEEN PROPERLY SECURED TO THE VEHICLE.

GETTING STARTED

- Determine the Normal Ride Height. The Normal Ride Height is the distance between the bottom edge of the wheel-well and the center of the hub with the vehicle in the ias deliveredî condition. In some cases, Normal Ride Height is not perfectly level. (See images below.)
 - Remove unusual loads and examine your vehicle from the side to ensure it is on a level surface.
 - b. If necessary (in cases where your leaf springs are sagging badly), use a jack to raise the rear end so that the vehicle achieves the original "as delivered" ride height.
- 2. Measure the distance between the center of the hub and the bottom edge of the wheel well. This is the Normal Ride Height. Enter the measurement below:

NORMAL	
RIDE HEIGHT:	inche





fig. 1



ASSEMBLING THE AIR SPRING UNIT

- 1. Set the roll plate (D) on the top and bottom of the bellows.
- 2. Install the swivel air fitting (E) into the top of the air spring (A). This fitting is precoated with sealant. Tighten finger-tight plus one and one-half turns with an openend wrench to seal the fitting.

NOTE

Use a 7/16" open-end wrench being careful to tighten on the metal hex nut only.DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN.

3. Insert carriage bolt (G) up through the driver-side upper bracket (B1) (Fig. 1).

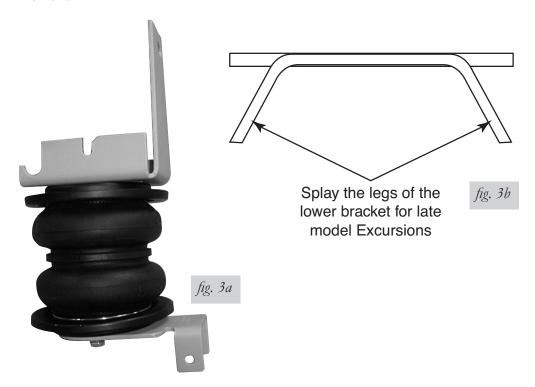


4. Set the bracket and carriage bolt assembly on top of the bellows. Attach with two bolts (M) and lock washers (N) (Fig. 2).





- 5. On late model Excursions, it may be necessary to splay the tabs on the lower bracket to fit the jounce bumper strike plate properly. Do this by putting the bracket in a vice and bending the tabs slightly with a crescent wrench (Fig. 3b). Check fit by sliding lower bracket onto the jounce bumper strike plate. It may be necessary to tap into place using a hammer (Fig. 7).
- 6. Attach the lower bracket (C) to the bottom of the bellows with the tabs down. The tabs should be on the same side as the tall edge of the upper bracket (Fig. 3a). Use two bolts (M) and lock washers (N). Tighten upper and lower brackets to the bellows to 15 lb.-ft.



REMOVING THE JOUNCE BUMPER AND LOOSENING THE BRAKE CABLE

1. Remove the jounce bumper. The bellows will mount in place of the jounce bumper (Fig. 4).



fig. 4



2. The driver-side emergency brake cable must be unbolted. Remove the nut and cable bracket, pull loose from the frame (Fig. 5). Retain the fasteners for re-attaching the cable bracket.



fig. 5

LOWERING THE SUSPENSION

NOTE

It will be necessary to lower the suspension to provide clearance to install the air spring unit. This can be done by lowering the axle or raising the frame.

- 1. If the vehicle is raised with an axle contact hoist, place axle stands under the frame and lower the axle as needed.
- 2. If the vehicle is raised with a frame contact hoist, place axle stands under the axle and raise the frame as needed.
- 3. If the vehicle was raised with a jack and supported with axle stands on the frame, use a floor jack to lower the axle.

INSTALLING THE AIR SPRING

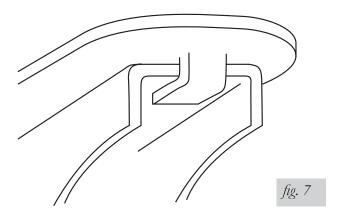
1. The air spring unit assembled in the previous step will install on the driver-side. Set the unit in place by inserting the carriage bolt up through the jounce bumper hole (Fig. 6). Make sure the emergency brake cable is not caught between the upper bracket and the frame. The bracket should fit flush against the outside of the frame. The tab on the lower bracket straddles the jounce bumper strike plate.



fig. 6

2. Push the lower bracket towards the spring so that the tab locks around the strike plate as illustrated in Figure 7.





3. Insert the existing emergency brake cable bolt through the frame and slot in the upper bracket. Install washer (K) over the bolt, and push against the upper bracket (Fig. 8).



fig. 8

4. Install the previously removed emergency brake cable and nut (Fig. 9). Leave loose at this time.



fig. 9

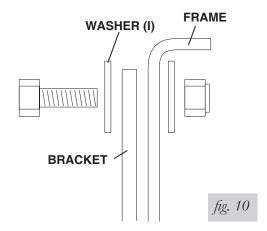
NOTE

In late model vehicles, a self-tapping bolt may have been used to attach the emergency brake cable bracket. If this is the case for your vehicle, remove the self-tapper and use the supplied bolt, washers, and locknut to re-attach the brake cable bracket and the upper bracket to the frame.



NOTE

Passenger-side will use bolt (F), washers (I), and nut (J) to attach the upper bracket to the existing hole on the side of the frame (Fig. 10).



5. Install nut (J) and washer (K) on the carriage bolt inserted through the existing jounce bumper bracket hole (Fig. 11).

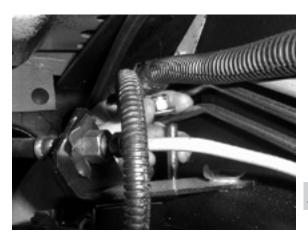


fig. 11

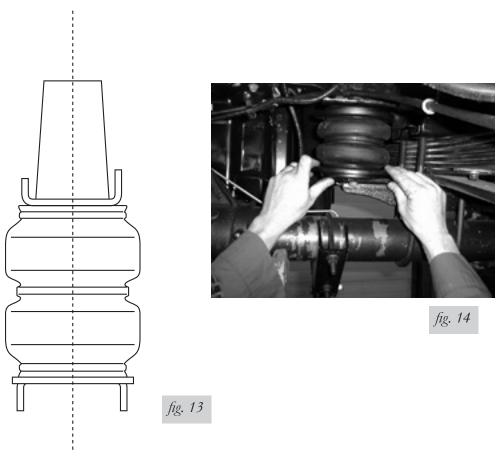
- 6. Raise the axle or drop the body to the previously recorded normal ride height.
- 7. Align the upper bracket forward or backward, ensuring the upper and lower brackets are lined up evenly with the bellows (Figs. 12 and 13). Tighten the upper bracket mounting hardware to 15 lb.-ft.



fig. 12



8. As in the previous step, move the bottom bracket inward and outward so as to align it with the bellows and the upper bracket (Fig. 14).



9. Clamp the lower bracket to the strike plate with c-clamps or vice grips. Drill a 3/8" hole through the strike plate using the existing holes in the lower bracket as a template (Fig. 15).

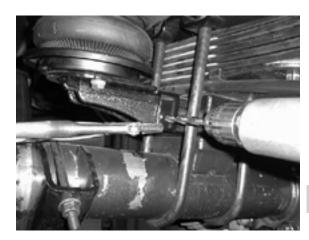


fig. 15

NOTE

Use a C-clamp or welding clamp to assist in keeping the lower bracket as flat to the strike plate as possible before drilling.

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10. Insert a bolt (H) and washer (K) through the bracket and strike plate. Install a washer (K) and nut (J) and torque to 16 lb.-ft. (Fig. 16).



fig. 16

EMERGENCY BRAKE CABLE

This step is for the driver-side only.

- 1. Set the emergency cable into the hook on the driver-side and install a cable tie to keep the cable from chaffing on the bellows (Fig. 17).
- 2. The finished driver-side install is shown in Figure 18.



fig. 17



fig. 18

INSTALL PASSENGER-SIDE AIR SPRING

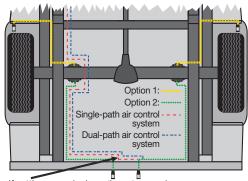
You have now completed the installation for one air spring. For the passenger-side, remove the jounce bumper as explained in Removing the Jounce Bumper and Loosening the Brake Cable. Proceed to follow the instructions in Installing the Air Spring.



Installing the Air Lines

This section explains how to set up the air spring kit to be controlled with Schrader valves and a separate compressed air source. An on-board air compressor system allows for hassle-free control of the air springs. Learn more about Air Lift control systems at www.airliftcompany.com/products/compressor-systems.

- Choose a convenient location for mounting the inflation valves (Fig. 19). Popular locations for the inflation valve are:
 - a. The wheel well flanges
 - b. The license plate recess in bumper
 - c. Under the gas cap access door
 - d. Through the license plate



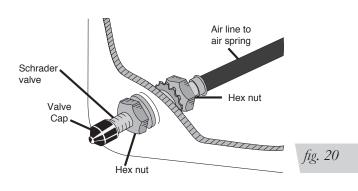
If setting up a single-path system such as Wireless One or SmartAir II, use a T-fitting to connect the two sides. Dual-path systems such as Wireless Air have separate air lines to the air control system.

fig. 19

NOTE

Whatever the chosen location, make sure there is enough clearance around the inflation valves for an air chuck.

- 2. Drill 5/16" holes to install the inflation valves.
- 3. Cut the air line assembly in two equal lengths.
- 4. Place a 5/16" nut and star washer on the air valve. Leave enough of the inflation valve in front of the nut to extend through the hole and have room for the rubber washer, flat washer, and 5/16" nut and cap. There should be enough valve exposed after installation –



- approximately 1/2" to easily apply a pressure gauge or an air chuck (Fig. 20).
- 5. Push the inflation valve through the hole and use the rubber washer, flat washer, and another 5/16" nut to secure it in place. Tighten the nuts to secure the assembly.
- 6. Route the air line along the frame to the fitting on the air spring. Keep AT LEAST 6" of clearance between the air line and the exhaust system. Avoid sharp bends and edges. Use zip ties to secure the air line to fixed points along the chassis. Be sure that the tie straps are tight, but do not pinch the air line. Leave at least 2" of slack to allow for any movement that might pull on the air line.
- 7. The passenger side air line requires a thermal sleeve (L). Insert onto air line before installing into fitting.
- 8. Cut off the air line, leaving approximately 12" of extra air line. A clean square cut will prevent leaks. Insert the air line into the air fitting. This is a push-to-connect fitting.

TECH TIP

Wiggle the hose back and forth while inserting to make sure the hose bottoms out in the fitting to obtain a good seal.



TIPS FOR INSTALLING AIR LINES

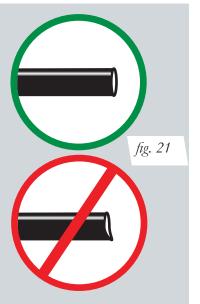
When cutting air lines, use a sharp knife or a hose cutter and make clean, square cuts (Fig. 21). Do not use scissors or wire cutters because these tools may deform the air line, causing it to leak around fittings. Do not cut the lines at an angle.

Do not bend the 1/4" hose at a radius of less than 1" or bend the 3/8" hose at a radius of less than 1 1/2". Do not put side load pressure on fitting. The hose should be straight beyond the fitting for 1" before bending.

Inspect hose for scratches that run lengthwise on hose prior to installation. Contact Air Lift customer service at **(800) 248-0892** if the air line is damaged.



To watch a video demonstrating proper air line cutting, go to **air-lift.co/cuttingairline**.





Before Operating

CHECKING FOR LEAKS

- 1. Inflate the air spring to 30 PSI.
- 2. Spray all connections and the inflation valves with a solution of 1/5 liquid dish soap and 4/5 water. Spot leaks easily by looking for bubbles in the soapy water.
- 3. After the test, deflate the springs to the minimum pressure required to restore the system to normal ride height. Do not deflate to lower than 5 PSI.
- 4. Check the air pressure again after 24 hours. A 2-4 PSI loss after initial installation is normal. Retest for leaks if the loss is more than 5 PSI.

FIXING LEAKS

- 1. If there is a problem with the swivel fitting:
 - a. Check the air line connection by deflating the spring and removing the line by pulling the collar against the fitting and pulling firmly on the air line. Trim 1" off the end of the air line. Be sure the cut is clean and square (see Fig. 21). Reinsert the air line into the push-to-connect fitting.
 - b. Check the threaded connection by tightening the swivel fitting another half turn. If it still leaks, deflate the air spring, remove the fitting, and re-coat the threads with thread sealant. Reinstall by hand tightening as much as possible and then use a wrench for an additional two turns.
- 2. If there is a problem with the inflation valve:
 - a. Check the valve core by tightening it with a valve core tool.
 - b. Check the air line by removing the air line from the barbed type fitting. Cut the air line off a few inches in front of the fitting and use a pair of pliers or vice grips to pull/twist the air line off of the fitting.

DO NOT CUT OFF THE AIR LINE COMPLETELY AS THIS WILL USUALLY NICK THE BARB AND RENDER THE FITTING USELESS.

3. If the preceding steps have not resolved the problem, call Air Lift customer service at (800) 248-0892.

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INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

	Clearance test — Inflate the air springs to 75-90 PSI and make sure there is at least 1/2" clearance from anything that might rub against each sleeve. Be sure to check the tire, brakes, frame, shock absorbers and brake cables.
	Leak test before road test — Inflate the air springs to 75-90 PSI and check all connections for leaks. All leaks must be eliminated before the vehicle is road tested.
	Heat test — Be sure there is sufficient clearance from heat sources, at least 6" for air springs and air lines. If a heat shield was included in the kit, install it. If there is no heat shield, but one is required, call Air Lift customer service at (800) 248-0892 .
	Fastener test — Recheck all bolts for proper torque.
	Road test — The vehicle should be road tested after the preceding tests. Inflate the springs to recommended driving pressures. Drive the vehicle 10 miles and recheck for clearance, loose fasteners and air leaks.
	Operating instructions — If professionally installed, the installer should review the operating instructions with the owner. Be sure to provide the owner with all of the paperwork that came with the kit.
P	OST-INSTALLATION CHECKLIST
	Overnight leak down test — Recheck air pressure after the vehicle has been used for 24 hours. If the pressure has dropped more than 5 PSI, then there is a leak that must be fixed. Either fix the leak yourself or return to the installer for service.
	Air pressure requirements — It is important to understand the air pressure requirements of the air spring system. Regardless of load, the air pressure should always be adjusted to maintain adequate ride height at all times while driving.
	Thirty-day or 500-mile test — Recheck the air spring system after 30 days or 500 miles, whichever comes first. If any part shows signs of rubbing or abrasion, the source should be identified and moved, if possible. If it is not possible to relocate the cause of the abrasion, the air spring may need to be remounted. If professionally installed the installer should be consulted. Check all fasteners for tightness



Product Use, Maintenance and Servicing

Minimum Recommended Pressure

Maximum Air Pressure

5 PSI

100 PSI

MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES

NOTE

By following the steps below, vehicle owners will obtain the longest life and best results from their air springs.

- 1. Check air pressure weekly.
- 2. Always maintain normal ride height. Never inflate beyond 100 PSI.
- If the system develops an air leak, use a soapy water solution (1/5 liquid dish soap and 4/5 water) to check all air line connections and the inflation valve core before deflating and removing the air spring.



FOR SAFETY AND TO PREVENT POSSIBLE DAMAGE TO THE VEHICLE, DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING (GVWR), AS INDICATED BY THE VEHICLE MANUFACTURER. ALTHOUGH THE AIR SPRINGS ARE RATED AT A MAXIMUM INFLATION PRESSURE OF 100 PSI, THE AIR PRESSURE ACTUALLY NEEDED IS DEPENDENT ON LOAD AND GVWR.

- 4. Loaded vehicles require at least 25 PSI. A "loaded vehicle" refers to a vehicle with a heavy bed load, a trailer or both. Never exceed GVWR, regardless of air spring, air pressure or other load assist. The springs in this kit will support approximately 40 pounds of load (combined on both springs) for each 1 PSI of pressure. The required air pressure will vary depending on the state of the original suspension. Operating the vehicle below the minimum air spring pressure will void the Air Lift warranty.
- 5. When increasing load, always adjust air pressure to maintain normal ride height. Increase or decrease pressure from the system as necessary to attain normal ride height for optimal ride and handling. Remember that loads carried behind the axle (including tongue loads) require more leveling force (pressure) than those carried directly over the axle.
- 6. Always add air to springs in small quantities, checking the pressure frequently.
- 7. Should it become necessary to raise the vehicle by the frame, make sure the system is at minimum pressure (5 PSI) to reduce the tension on the suspension/ brake components. Use of on-board leveling systems do not require deflation or disconnection.
- 8. Periodically check the air spring system fasteners for tightness. Also, check the air springs for any signs of rubbing. Realign if necessary.
- 9. On occasion, give the air springs a hard spray with a garden hose to remove mud, sand, gravel or other debris.



TUNING THE AIR PRESSURE

Pressure determination comes down to three things — level vehicle, ride comfort and stability.

1. Level vehicle

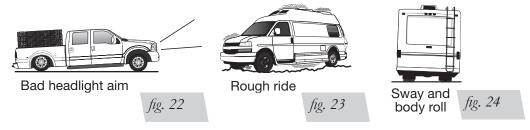
If the vehicle's headlights are shining into the trees or the vehicle is leaning to one side, then it is not level (Fig. 22). Raise the air pressure to correct either of these problems and level the vehicle.

2. Ride comfort

If the vehicle has a rough or harsh ride it may be due to either too much pressure or not enough (Fig. 23). Try different pressures to determine the best ride comfort.

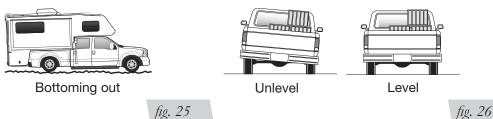
3. Stability

Stability translates into safety and should be the priority, meaning the driver may need to sacrifice a perfectly level and comfortable ride. Stability issues include roll control, bounce, dive during braking and sponginess (Fig. 24). Tuning out these problems usually requires an increase in pressure.



GUIDELINES FOR ADDING AIR

- 1. Start with the vehicle level or slightly above.
- 2. When in doubt, always add air.
- 3. If the front of the vehicle dives while braking, increase the pressure in the front air bags, if equipped.
- 4. If it is ever suspected that the air bags have bottomed out, increase the pressure (Fig. 25).
- 5. Adjust the pressure up and down to find the best ride.
- 6. If the vehicle rocks and rolls, adjust the air pressure to reduce movement.
- 7. It may be necessary to maintain different pressures on each side of the vehicle. Loads such as water, fuel, and appliances will cause the vehicle to be heavier on one side (Fig. 26). As much as a 50 PSI difference is not uncommon.





Troubleshooting Guide

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
System won't maintain pressure overnight.	Improperly installed air line, air line has holes or cracks.	Leak test the air line connections, the threaded connection into the air spring, and all fittings in the control system.
Air spring or air line leak.	Fitting seal or air line is compromised.	Check to make sure air lines are seated in connectors. Inspect fittings with soapy water. Trim hose or re-seal fitting. Ensure lines are cut straight.
Corner won't raise or air leak develops.	Look for a kink or fold in the air line.	Replace any air line that has been kinked.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Q. Will installing air springs increase the weight ratings of a vehicle?

No. Adding air springs will not change the weight ratings (GAWR, GCWR and/ or GVWR) of a vehicle. Exceeding the GVWR is dangerous and voids the Air Lift warranty.

Q. Is it necessary to keep air in the air springs at all times and how much pressure will they need?

For LoadLifter 5000 Ultimate, the recommended minimum air pressure is 5 PSI, but it can safely be run at zero air pressure unladen (no load).

Q. Is it necessary to add a compressor system to the air springs?

No. Air pressure can be adjusted with any type of compressor as long as it can produce sufficient pressure to service the springs. Even a bicycle tire pump can be used, but it's a lot of work.

Q. How long should air springs last?

If the air springs are properly installed and maintained they can last indefinitely.

Q. Will raising the vehicle on a hoist for service work damage the air springs?

No. The vehicle can be lifted on a hoist for short-term service work such as tire rotation or oil changes. However, if the vehicle will be on the hoist for a prolonged period of time, support the axle with jack stands in order to take the tension off of the air springs.



Notes



Limited Warranty and Return Policy

Air Lift Company provides a limited lifetime warranty to the original purchaser of its Load Support products, that the products will be free from defects in workmanship and materials when used on cars and trucks as specified by Air Lift Company and under normal operating conditions, subject to the requirements and exclusions set forth in the full Limited Warranty and Return Policy that is available online at www.airliftcompany.com/warranty.

For additional warranty information contact Air Lift Company customer service.

Replacement Part Information

If replacement parts are needed, contact the local dealer or call Air Lift customer service at **(800) 248-0892**. Most parts are immediately available and can be shipped the same day.

Contact Air Lift Company customer service at (800) 248-0892 first if:

- Parts are missing from the kit.
- Need technical assistance on installation or operation.
- Broken or defective parts in the kit.
- · Wrong parts in the kit.
- Have a warranty claim or question.

Contact the retailer where the kit was purchased:

- If it is necessary to return or exchange the kit for any reason.
- If there is a problem with shipping if shipped from the retailer.
- If there is a problem with the price.

Contact Information

Mailing address P.O. Box 80167

Lansing, MI 48908-0167

Shipping address 2727 Snow Road langing MI 48917

for returns Lansing, MI 48917

Phone Toll free: (800) 248-0892

International: (517) 322-2144

Email service@airliftcompany.com

Web address www.airliftcompany.com

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Need Help?

Contact Air Lift Company customer service department by calling (800) 248-0892. For calls from outside the USA or Canada, dial (517) 322-2144.



Thank you for purchasing Air Lift products — the professional installer's choice!